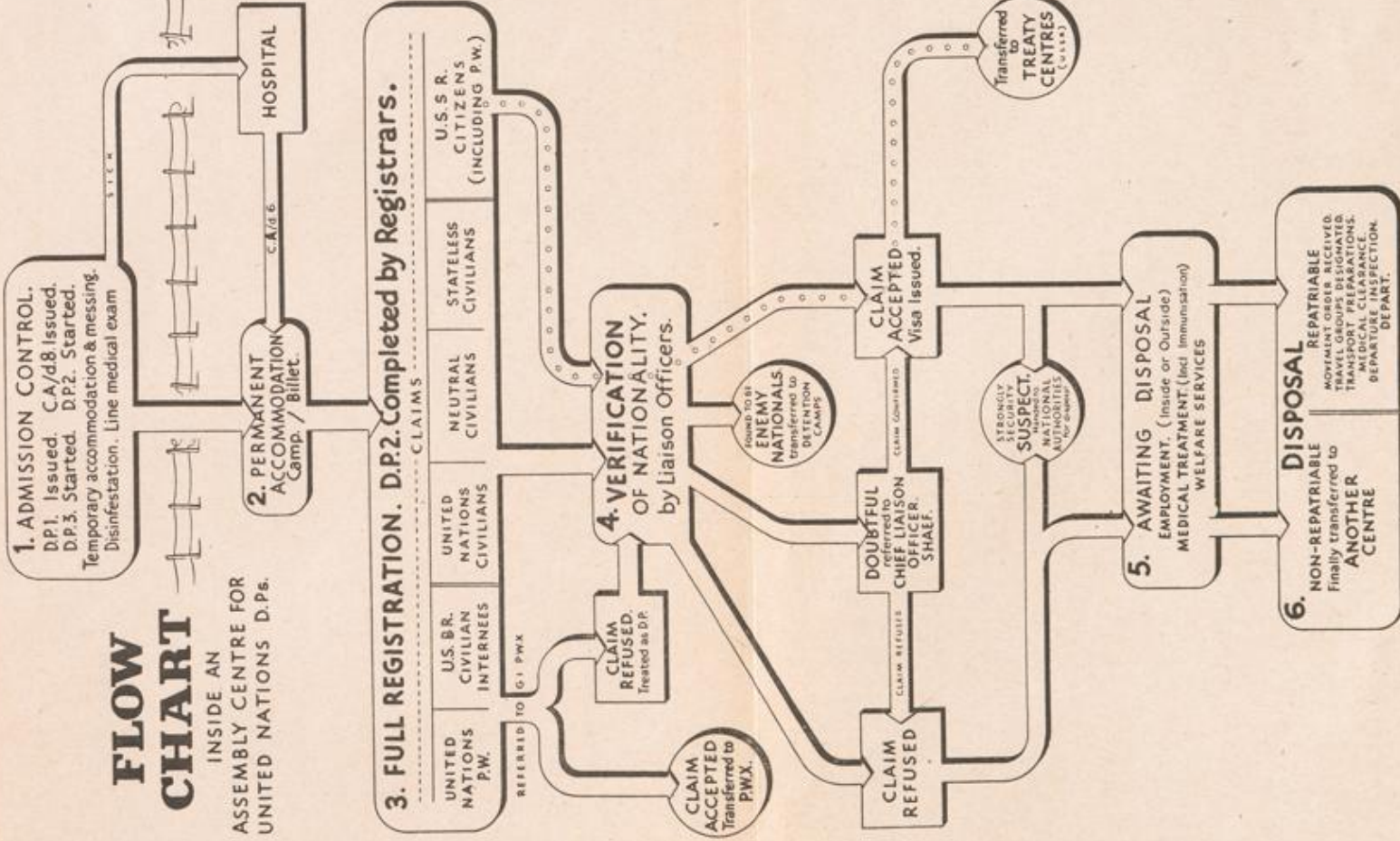


FLOW CHART

INSIDE AN
ASSEMBLY CENTRE FOR
UNITED NATIONS D.P.s.



THE ASSEMBLY CENTER FLOW CHART

1. The processes involved in the care of DPs in an Assembly Center are illustrated by the Assembly Center Flow Chart. The purpose of the Chart is to trace diagrammatically the flow of displaced persons through the various stages of processing in an Assembly Center for United Nations displaced persons and those assimilated to them in status.
2. Displaced persons arriving at an Assembly Center must be segregated from those already resident until they have undergone certain processes, viz:
 - Initial Registration (See Part II, Section 2)
 - Disinfection
 - Line Medical Examination (See Part II, Section 5)
3. These processes must therefore be carried out in an Admission Control Section that is separated from the rest of the Center.
4. There must also be facilities in this Admission Control Section for messing and sleeping, as displaced persons often arrive hungry and tired and it may take some time to put them all through the initial processing.
5. Any blankets used in this Section must either be disinfested or withdrawn from the displaced persons before they enter the main part of the Center.
6. It is suggested that the Admission Control Section should be capable of accommodating and processing 500 persons, with the necessary facilities as indicated.
7. After being processed in accordance with para 2 the displaced person may be allotted "permanent" accommodation, i.e. accommodation in the main part of the Assembly Center, unless the line medical inspection shows that he should be hospitalised first.
8. The next process is that of Full Registration, which will take place as soon as Registrars have been selected and trained (see Part II, Section 2).
9. The Chart shows the principal categories of claims that are likely to be made by displaced persons regarding their nationality and status, and the procedure to be followed in each case (see also Part II, Sections 3).
10. Soviet citizens, once their nationality has been verified, will be transferred to Treaty Centers which will be administered internally by Soviet Officers.
11. Verification of nationality, based on the Registration that has taken place will be carried out by Allied Liaison Officers nominated by the Government concerned or, in the case of occupied territories, by the occupying authorities. It will be attested by the affixing of a visa stamp in space 29 of the DP2, and this visa stamp constitutes at the same time authorization to be repatriated.
12. Cases where nationality is in doubt will be referred to the appropriate Chief Liaison Officer at SHAEF, DPX (see also Part II, Section 3).
13. Registration and Verification of Nationality together constitute

an elementary form of security screening. The disposition of those found to be enemy nationals or otherwise strongly suspected is indicated on the chart. Minor suspects will be repatriated in the normal way (see Part II, Section 8).

14. The period "Awaiting Disposal" may be short or long, depending mainly on the transport situation. During this time employment is strongly recommended (see Part II, Section 11) and many types of welfare services will be needed (see Part II, Section 7). There should also be regular medical inspections and courses of immunization where necessary.

15. When the requisite Movement Order arrives, those that have received their visas must be organized for the journey and must be given a final medical clearance as well as a general departure inspection (see Part II, Section 12).

16. Those without visas, however, will remain until such time as they can be removed to special centers.