

FRANCE



AUMALE

B 4/M 64

Baubrigade V West, CC Kdo. of Buchenwald, mentioned from 15. 3. 44 with 300 prisoners, constructing "V 1" ramps. In August 44 they were transferred to Doullens, later to Lille and from there to CC Dora-Mittelbau (Statement of one former inmate).

BREST

7a/V 99

Strafgefangenenlager Brest, established 1944, 1000 prisoners, including French and African PoW's, CC garments, working in a ship-yard (Statement of one former inmate, no other confirmation).

CERNAY — SENNHEIM

C—K 48/V 51

Add: SS-Training Camp, first mentioned May 1940. 700 of the 3000 Norwegian students arrested by the Reich commission in Oslo were deported to Germany. Some of them were sent to Buchenwald, others to the SS-Training camp Sennheim. In May 1940 Norwegian students were transferred from Buchenwald to Sennheim. When the Sennheim Camp was closed in Nov. 1944, the students were first sent to work near Freiburg/Br. and were later transferred to Buchenwald (OCC WC Nuernberg).

See also SENNHEIM, Volume I, page 175.

COLMAR

C—K 49/V 74

Add: CC Kdo. of Natzweiler, "Orbus" or "Urbis", first mentioned 19. 3. 44, approx. 500 prisoners, fortification work in the Maginot-line, closed Sept. 44 (former inmates).

See also COLMAR, Volume I, page 174; Volume II, page 27.

LONGWY-THIL

B 6/P 50

Add: CC Kdo. of Natzweiler, first mentioned 10. 5. 44, average strength 800 prisoners, engineering work, firm AEG, closed Sept. 44, transferred to Dernau and Kochendorf (former inmates).

See also LONGWY, Volume I, page 61.

ST. CYPRIEN

A 30/F 22

Add: Transit camp: the transfer of all inmates to camp Gurs is mentioned in October 1940 (Statement of one former inmate, no other confirmation).

See also ST. CYPRIEN, Volume I, page 60.

